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A Radiometric View of Io's Volcanology and Geophysics

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Infrared radiometry of **Io** as a function of longitude and time at **4.8, 8.7 and 20µm** characterizes the temperatures, the spatial distribution, and the temporal evolution of thermal anomalies. We present data collected with the **NASA IRTF** from 1983 to 1993. Roughly equal amounts of power are emitted from both the leading and trailing hemisphere in spite of the location on the trailing hemisphere of **Loki** (the single largest volcanic center on **Io**). Although thermal emission at **4.8 µm** is highly variable, the total power output has been stable over the last decade. The average heat flow is **2.5 (s.d. = 0.29) W/m²** or **1.05¹⁴ (s.d. = 0.12) W** with the maximum observed change between apparitions 20%. This is significantly higher than permitted for steady state by current models of the Jupiter-Io tidal interaction and **Io's** orbital evolution. The increase in heat flow over our previous estimates is due to the development of an improved background model for the surface of **Io**. This model allows for the recognition of lower temperature, cooler thermal anomalies than had been detected earlier. We have observed two outbursts. The first in 1986, suggested a temperature of **- 900 K**. The second on January 9, 1990 is best modeled by a source at the location of **Loki** with a temperature of **1200 K** and radius of **5.6 km** at the beginning of the observations and a temperature of **700 K** and radius of **13 km** 3 hours later. These temperatures are too high to be explained by molten sulfur, but are quite reasonable for silicate eruptions and imply a high rate of resurfacing by lava flows.

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